# f041lakgr[001-003]: Lake George (Australia)

#### Purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the wave model in a nearly ideal depth-limited wave growth situation.

#### Situation

Lake George is a shallow lake (depth about 2 m) with a nearly flat bottom (Young and Verhagen, 1996a, 1996b and 1996c). It is approximately 20 km long and 10 km wide (see Figure 1). The bottom is rather smooth (bottom ripples are practically absent) and the bottom material consists of fine clay.

Measurements are taken from eight positions for each case (Figure 1). For these positions energy density spectra are available.

In Table 1 the wind velocity and direction for each case are given. For all three cases, wind conditions have been adapted according to the procedure proposed by Taylor and Lee (1984). The adapted wind conditions can be read from file.

The water level varies with the season. Variations in the water level for each case are given in Table 1.

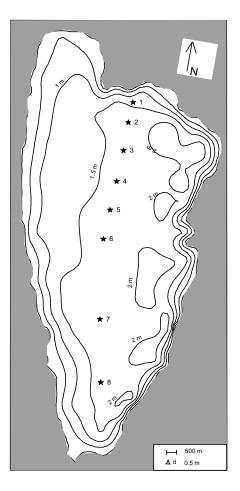


Figure 1 Bathymetry of Lake George (Australia) with the locations of the eight observation stations

Case nr.	Date/Time	Water level	· · ·	Direction		
		[m]	[m/s]	[°]		
001	19-02-1993 / 22.00 hrs	+.10	6.4 *	344		
002	03-10-1993 / 17.00 hrs	+.30	10.8 *	342		
003	21-11-1992 / 16.00 hrs	+.27	15.2 *	341		

Table 1 Physical parameters for Case f041lakgr. Wind direction according to nautical convention. (\*=Taylor and Lee (1984) adapted wind field is available) Time is local time.

#### Comparison

Comparisons are made for energy density spectra, significant wave height  $H_{m0}$  and mean wave period  $T_{m01}$ .

	COMP	COMPUTATIONAL GRID															
	1D/2D			XPC			YPC		ALPC		XLENC			YLENC 17907			
	2D	1667			1667		0		11340		]						
	$\Delta X$		$\Delta Y$		DI	DIR1		DIR2		$\Delta \theta$		FLC	FLOW		FHIGH		MSC
001	210		175	175		0° 360°		360°		10°		0.16	0.166		2.0		26
002	210		175	175		0° 360°			10°		0.12	0.125		1.0		22	
003	210		175		0°		360°			10°		0.12	0.125		1.0		22
	PHYSIC	PHYSICS															
	GEN BRE.		AK	K FRIC		TRIADS (		QUA	QUAD WCA		P REFRA		C FSHIFT		Т	SETUP	
	3	3 on			on		on		on	on			on		off		off
	BOUNI	BOUNDARY CONDITIONS															
	TYPE	TYPE BOU		C/V P/R				NAM		IE OF FILE							
001	side	Ν		con	rea	read boundary from file						'f041lakgr001.bnd'					
002	side	Ν		con	rea	read boundary from file					'f0411akgr002			.bnd'			
003	side	side N con			rea	read boundary from file			'f041lakgr003.bn				bnd'	nd'			
	BOTTOM:				W	WIND:			CURRENT:				WATER LEVEL:				
001	'f0411akgr001.bot'					'f041lakgr001.wnd'			-				+0.10 m				
002	'f0411akgr002.bot'				'f0	'f041lakgr001.wnd'			-				+0.30 m				
003	'f0411akgr003.bot'				'f0	'f041lakgr001.wnd'			-				+0.27 m				

## Default model commands

#### References

Young, I.R. and L.A. Verhagen, 1996a: The growth of fetch limited waves in water of finite depth. Part I: Total energy and peak frequency, *Coastal Engineering*, 29, 47-78

Young, I.R. and L.A. Verhagen, 1996b: The growth of fetch limited waves in water of finite depth. Part II: Spectral Evolution, Coastal Engineering, 29, 79-99

Young, I.R. and L.A. Verhagen, 1996c: The growth of fetch limited waves in water of finite depth. Part III: DIrectional spectra, Coastal Engineering, 29, 101-121

Taylor, P.A. and R.J. Lee, 1984: Simple guidelines for estimating wind speed variations due to small-scale topographic features, *Climatol. Bull.*, 18, 3-32

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